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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/521,629	09/30/2005	Katja Berg-Schultz	K2315USWO (C038435)	2024	
Stephen M Haracz Bryan Cave			EXAMINER		
			PEPITONE, MICHAEL F		
1290 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10104			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				1796	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/29/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/521,629	BERG-SCHULTZ ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	MICHAEL PEPITONE	1796	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ■ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 2a) ■ This action is FINAL . 2b) ■ T 3) ■ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	his action is non-final. wance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1,2,4-11,13 and 14 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) 7-11,13 and 14 is/ 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-6 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	are withdrawn from consideration.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to by the he drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se rection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a l	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applicat riority documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-2 and 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'lenick, Jr. (US 6,346,595).

Regarding claim 1: O'lenick, Jr. teaches a polysiloxane comprising:

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wherein;

a is an integer ranging from 0 to 2000;
b is an integer ranging from 1 to 20;
c is an integer ranging from 1 to 20;
d is an integer ranging from 0 to 20;
n is an integer ranging from 10 to 20;
w is an integer ranging 0 to 20;
x is an integer ranging 0 to 20;
y is an integer ranging 0 to 20;
z is an integer ranging 0 to 20.

(3:50-4:25);

wherein R is a UV absorbing group {having a propyl spacer} (3:25-35), and the alkyl group on subunit d is a lipophilic group (4:35-37; 4:67), as well as the alkylene oxide moiety on the c subunit {having a propyl spacer}, when the value of y is high (4:11; 4:30-34).

O'lenick, Jr. does not teach ethyl spacers between the UV absorber {corresponding to instant formula (IIb) and lipophilic group {corresponding to instant formula (IVb). However, A prima facie case of obviousness may be made when chemical compounds have very close

structural similarities and similar utilities. "An obviousness rejection based on similarity in chemical structure and function entails the motivation of one skilled in the art to make a claimed compound, in the expectation that compounds similar in structure will have similar properties." In re Payne, 606 F.2d 303, 313, 203 USPQ 245, 254 (CCPA 1979) [See MPEP 2144.09].

Compounds which are position isomers (compounds having the same radicals in physically different positions on the same nucleus) or homologs (compounds differing regularly by the successive addition of the same chemical group, e.g., by -CH₂- groups) are generally of sufficiently close structural similarity that there is a presumed expectation that such compounds possess similar properties. In re Wilder, 563 F.2d 457, 195 USPQ 426 (CCPA 1977) [See MPEP 2144.09].

Regarding claim 2: O'lenick, Jr. teaches the UV absorber subunit where b is 1-20 (4:10).

Regarding claim 4: O'lenick, Jr. teaches a polysiloxane without a methylhydrogen siloxane unit {corresponding to instant formula (VI)} (3:50-4:19).

Regarding claim 5: O'lenick, Jr. teaches R = methoxyphenol moiety {derived from eugenol} [same R group] (4:1-8; 5:56-6:7).

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over O'lenick, Jr. (US 6,346,595) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Bernasconi *et al.* (US 6193,959).

Regarding claim 6: O'lenick, Jr. teaches the basic claimed composition [as set forth above with respect to claim 1]

O'lenick, Jr. does not teach R = different groups [instant claim 6]. However, Bernasconi *et al.* teaches a polysiloxane composition comprising different UV-absorbers (1:5-17; 4:16-45;

5:4-50). O'lenick, Jr. and Bernasconi *et al.* are combinable because they are concerned with a similar technical difficulty, namely the preparation of polysiloxanes containing UV absorbers. At the time of invention a person of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to have combined polysiloxanes having different UV absorbing moieties, as taught by Bernasconi *et al.* in the invention of O'lenick, Jr., and would have been motivated to do so since Bernasconi *et al.* suggests that such UV-absorbers photostabilize other UV absorbers thereby effecting constant protection during prolonged exposure to UV light (¶ 6:50-57), and is an equivalent alternative means of providing polysiloxanes containing UV absorbers.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicants' disclosure. See attached form PTO-892.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2 and 4-6 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MICHAEL PEPITONE whose telephone number is (571)270-3299. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 7:30-5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Eashoo can be reached on 571-272-1197. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/MARK EASHOO/ MFP Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1796 15-April-08 25-Apr-08